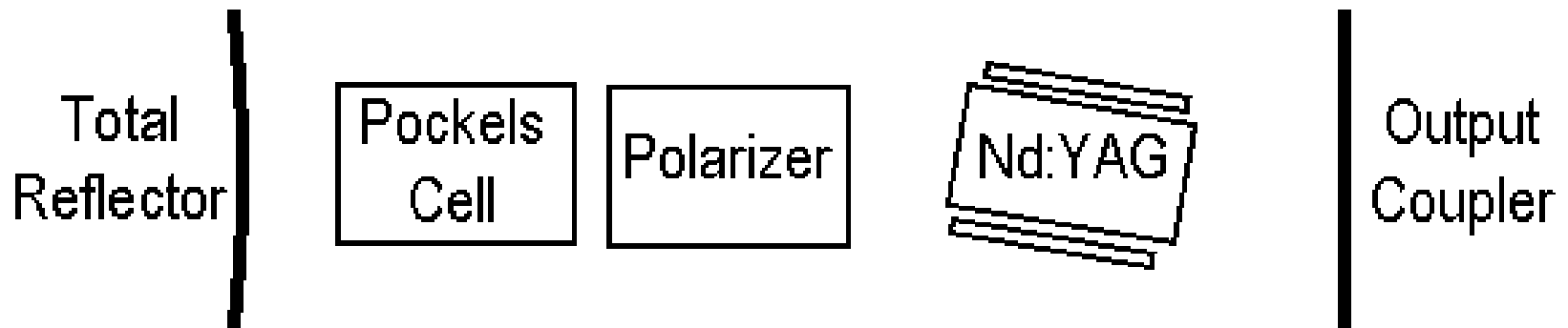
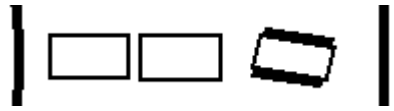


From-Scratch Alignment of a Q-Switched Nd:YAG Laser

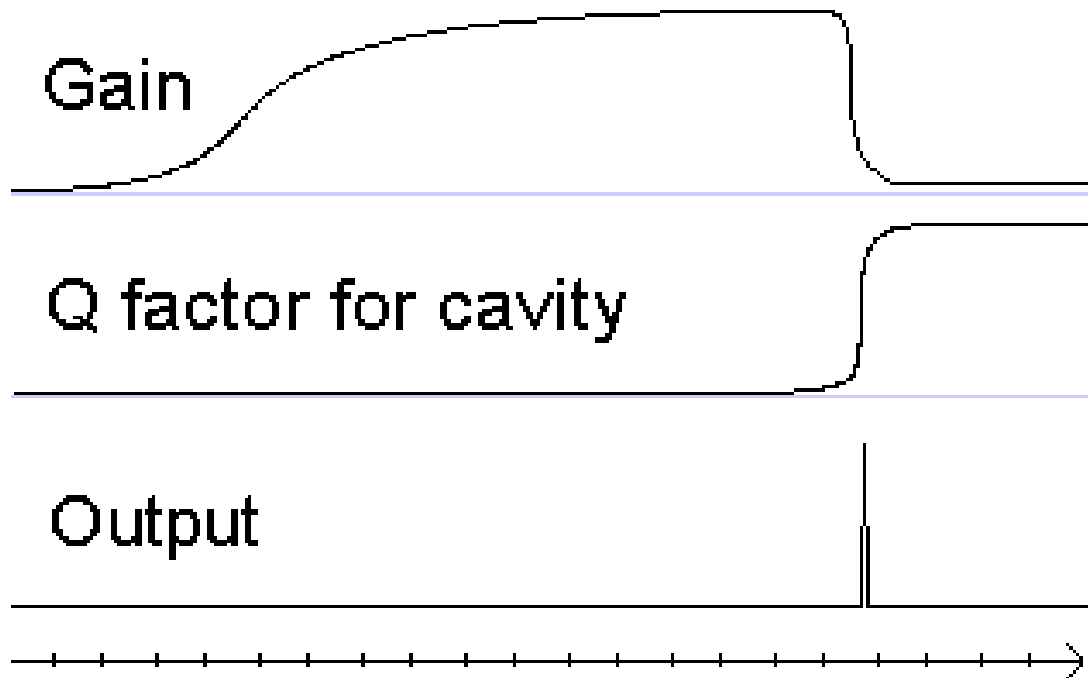
1. Principles of a Q-Switched Laser
2. Cavity construction and choices
3. Alignment procedure
4. Results





Q-Switch Basics

- o Fast Q-switching
- o Slow excitation mechanism
- o Inherently pulsed
- o “Giant Pulse” – very high intensity





Gain Medium

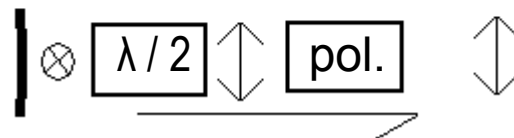
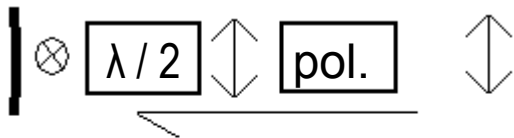
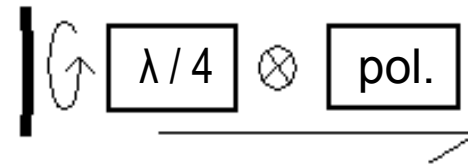
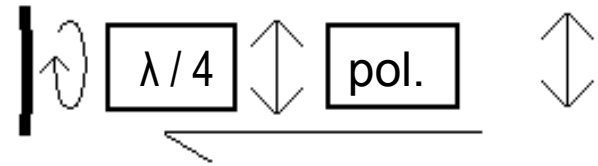
- o Nd:YAG is the textbook 4-level laser example
- o Solid state: broad energy band N3
- o Slow N2 decay + Fast N1 decay: large inversion with long lifetime
- o Flashlamps used for excitation

Insert picture from
Milloni and Eberly
here.
(p.304 or p.415?)



Q-Switch

- o Pockels Cell & Polarizer
- o Cell: Voltage controlled waveplate
- o $\lambda/4$: End mirror?

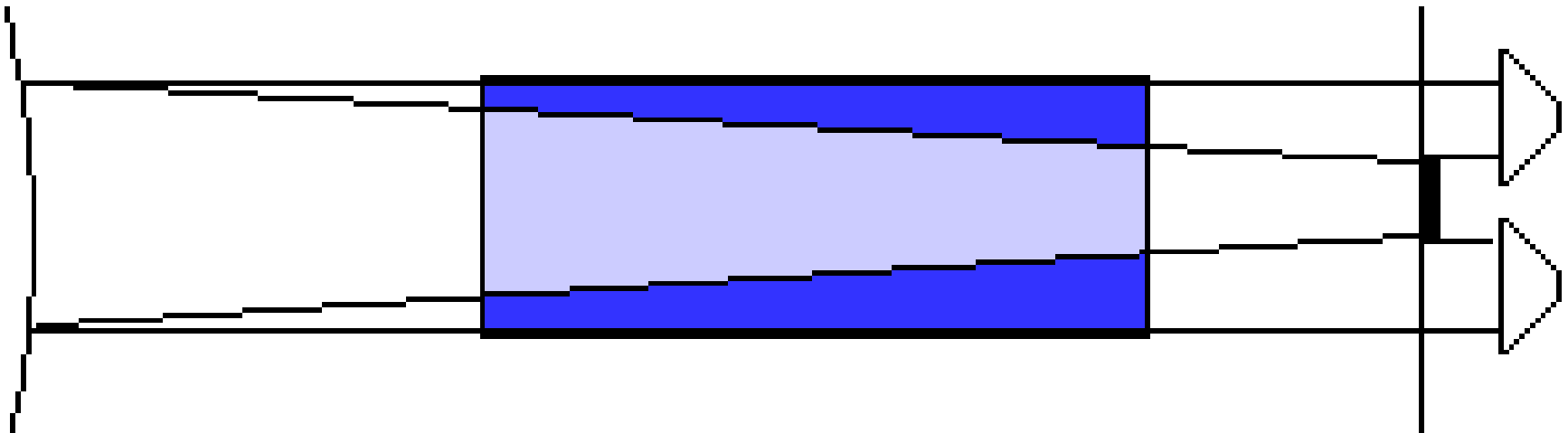
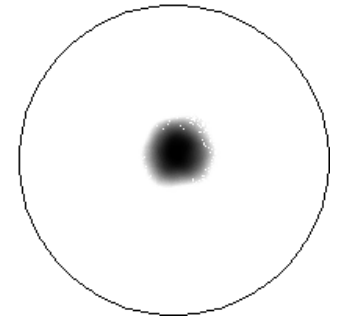


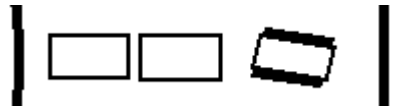
- o $\lambda/2$: Transparent to the cavity
- o Optic axis must be aligned properly!



Resonator Choices

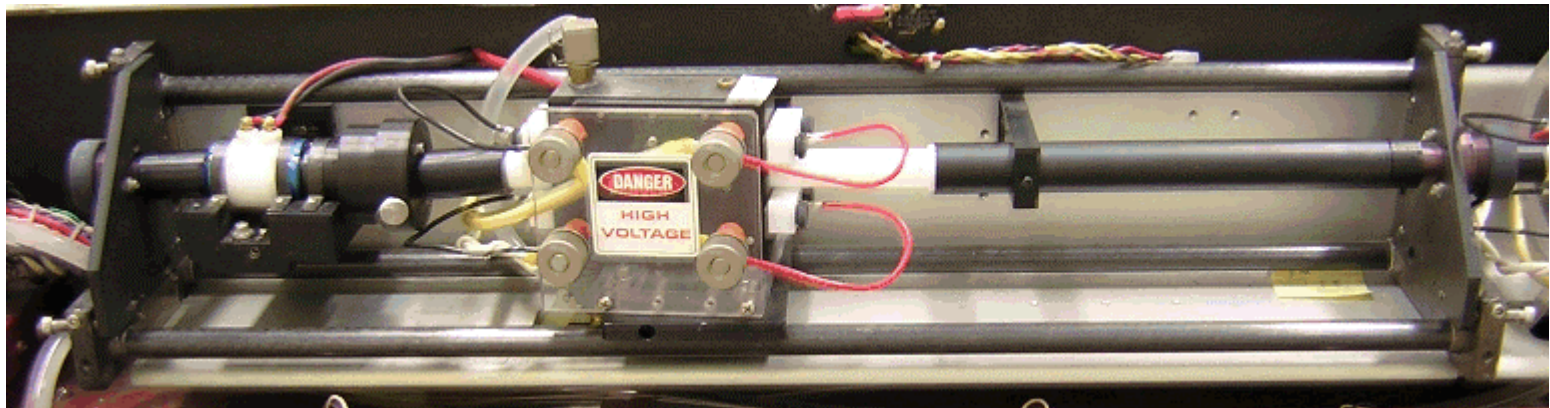
- o Unstable Resonator design
 - Low gain: build intensity from many passes
 - High gain: few passes, fill medium with mode
- o Total reflector: convex
- o Diffraction spot output coupler, flat mirror (?)





Alignment Methods

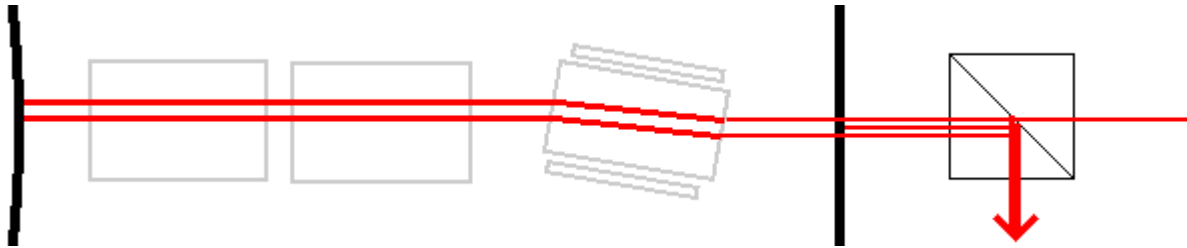
- o Pre-align the mirrors
- o Pre-adjust the pitch and yaw of the Pockels cell
- o First round of threshold and holdoff adjustments
- o Clean up output mode
- o Lather, Rinse, Repeat.



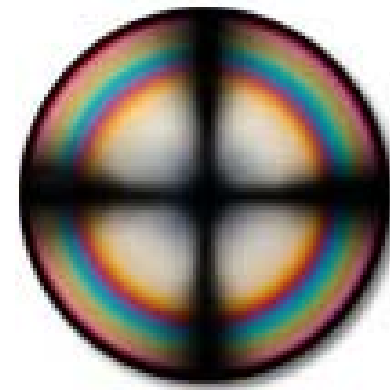


Pre-adjustment

- o HeNe: rough position for the mirrors.



- o Berry's "black sandwich"
- o Crossed polarizers across a birefringent crystal (the Pockels cell)
- o Yields orientation of optic axis of crystal





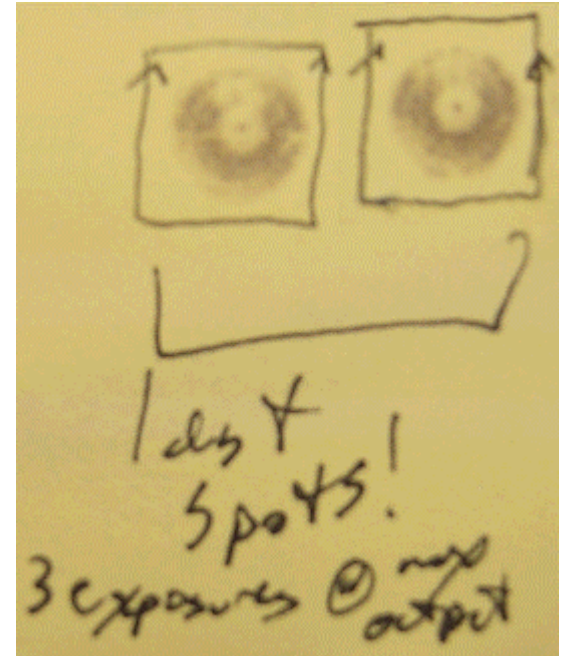
First Threshold/Holdoff

- o Threshold: minimum lamp energy to see lasing
- o Holdoff: maximum lamp energy before Pockels cell “leaks”
- o The cavity must be aligned to the cell...
- o ...and the cell must be aligned to the cavity.
- o Iterative alignment procedure: adjust the cell for both threshold and holdoff, then the cavity, then the repeat.



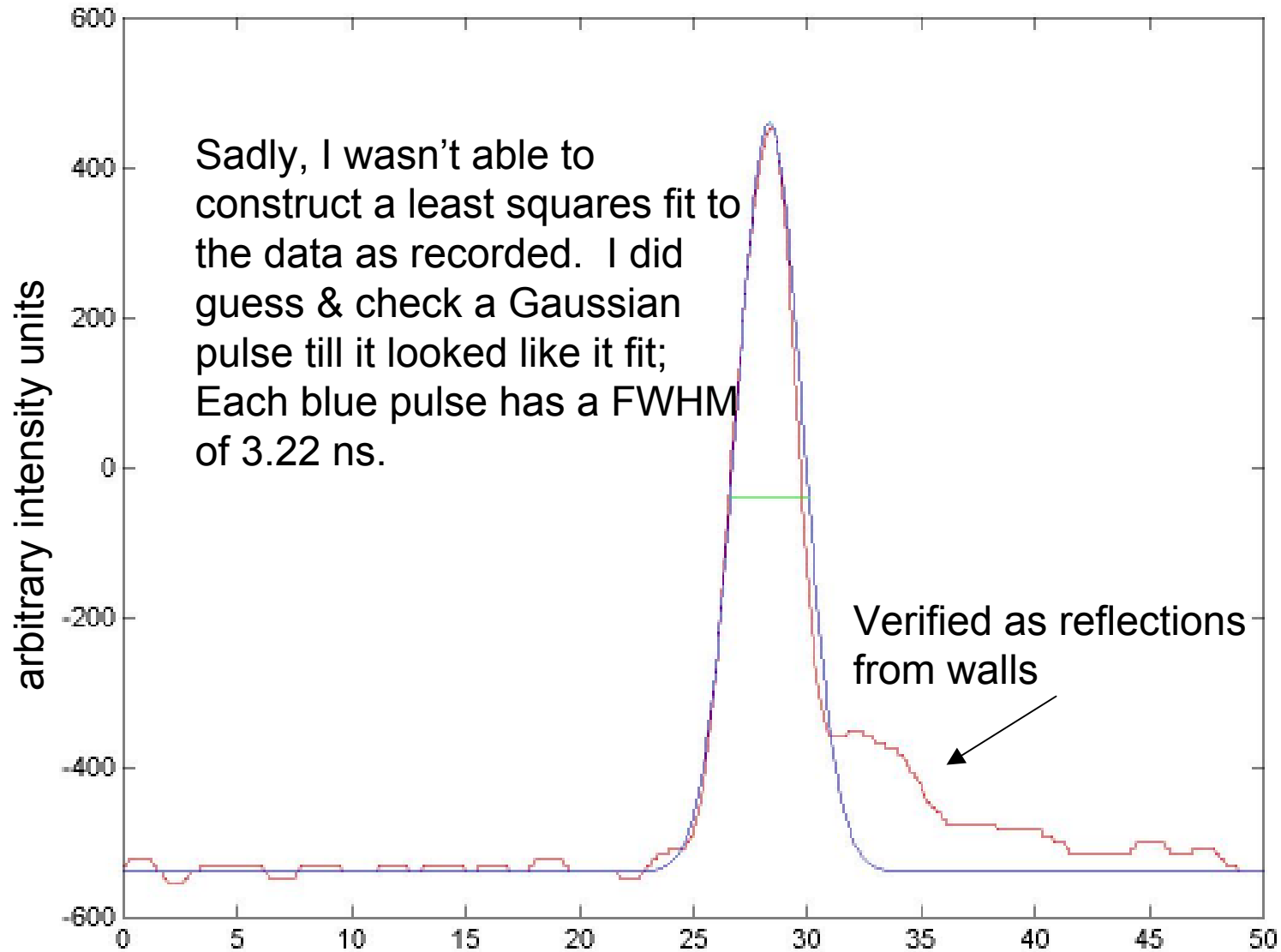
Output mode

- o Post-It Notes™ have many uses... infrared will slightly burn the glue...
- o Normal incidence on output coupler → Poisson spot

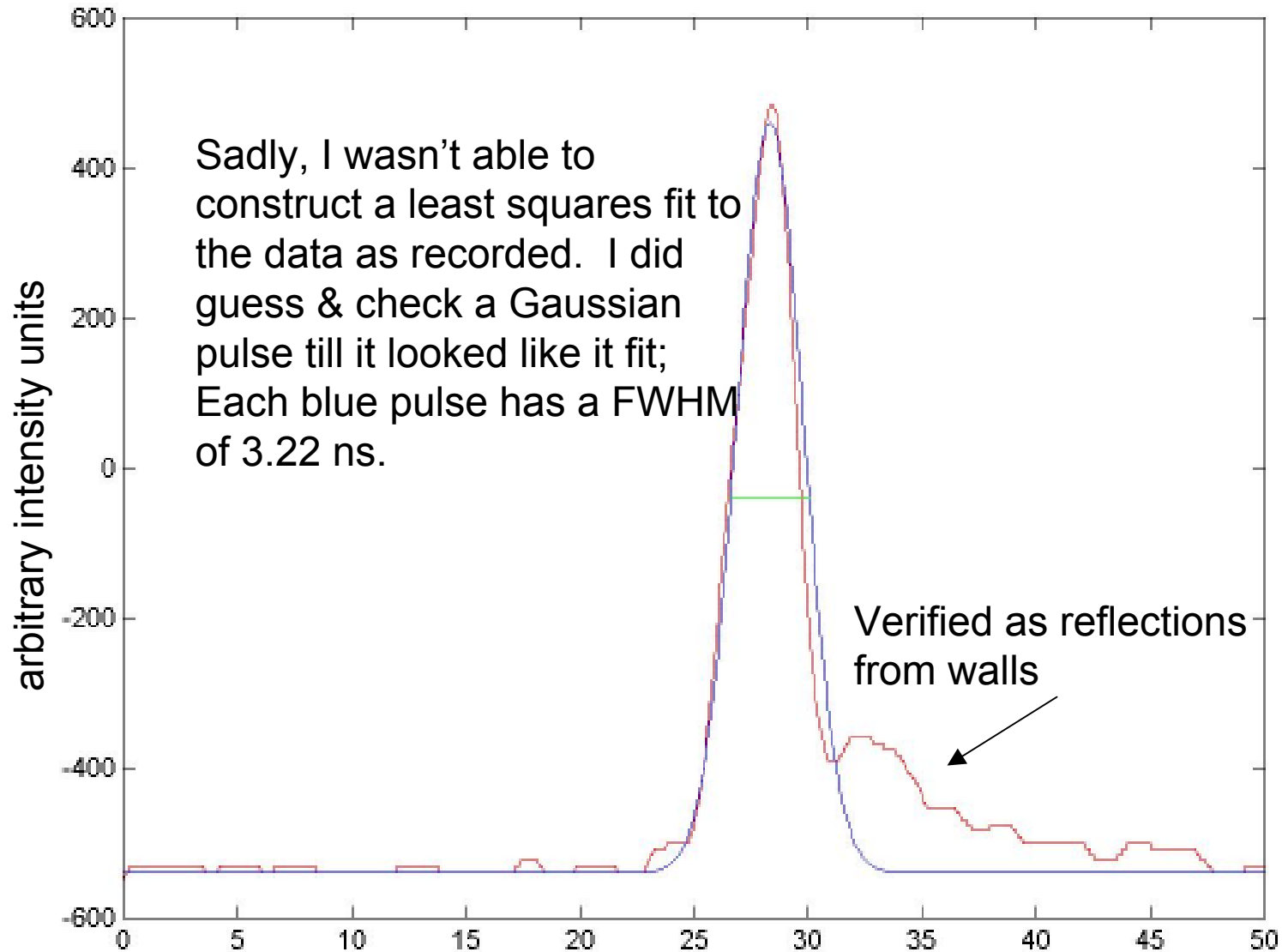


- o Mode is important!
- o Improve the mode slightly, but be careful!
- o Holdoff extremely sensitive to mirror alignment; avoid large power output in breakthrough mode

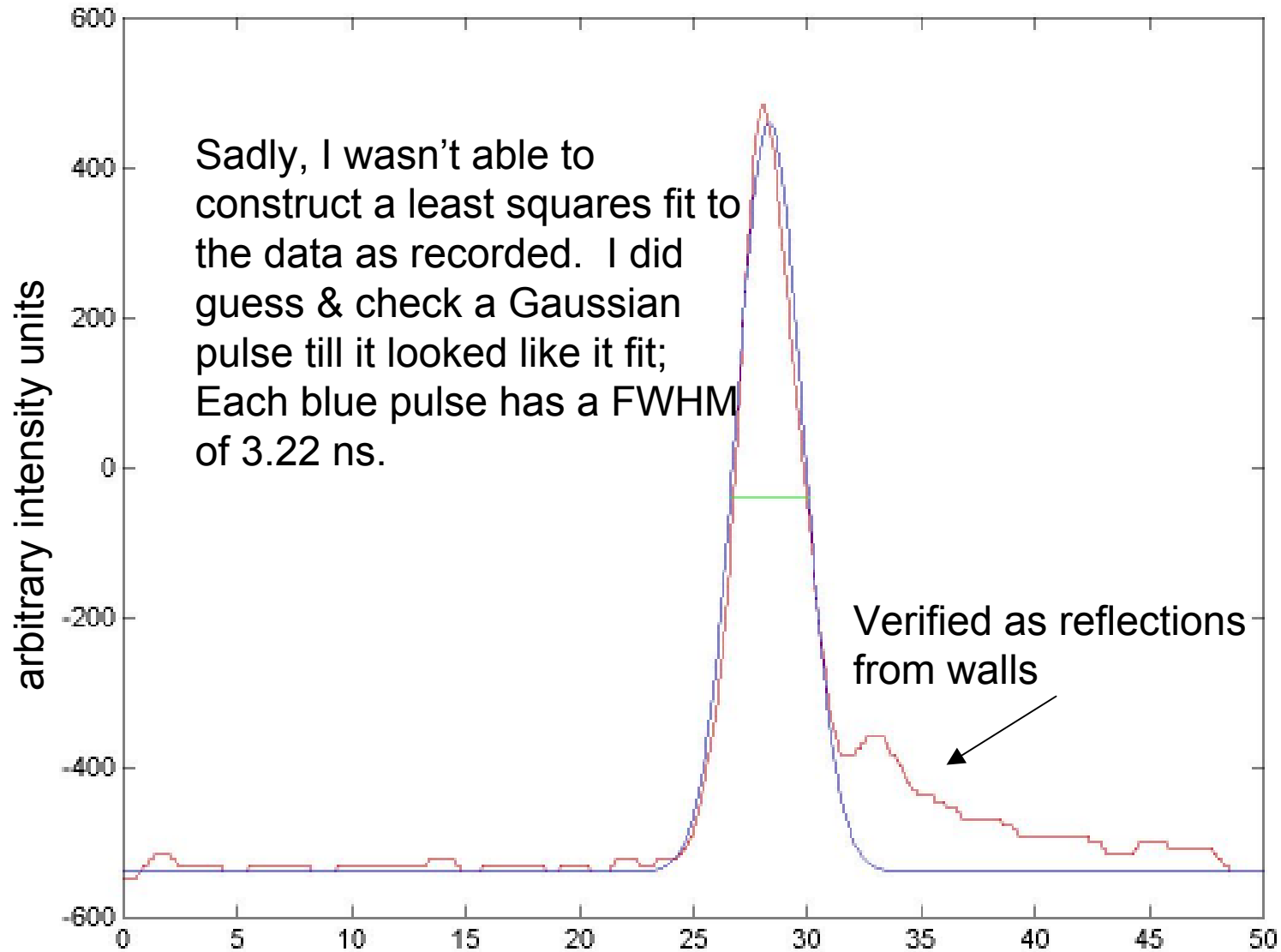
Final Threshold/Holdoff



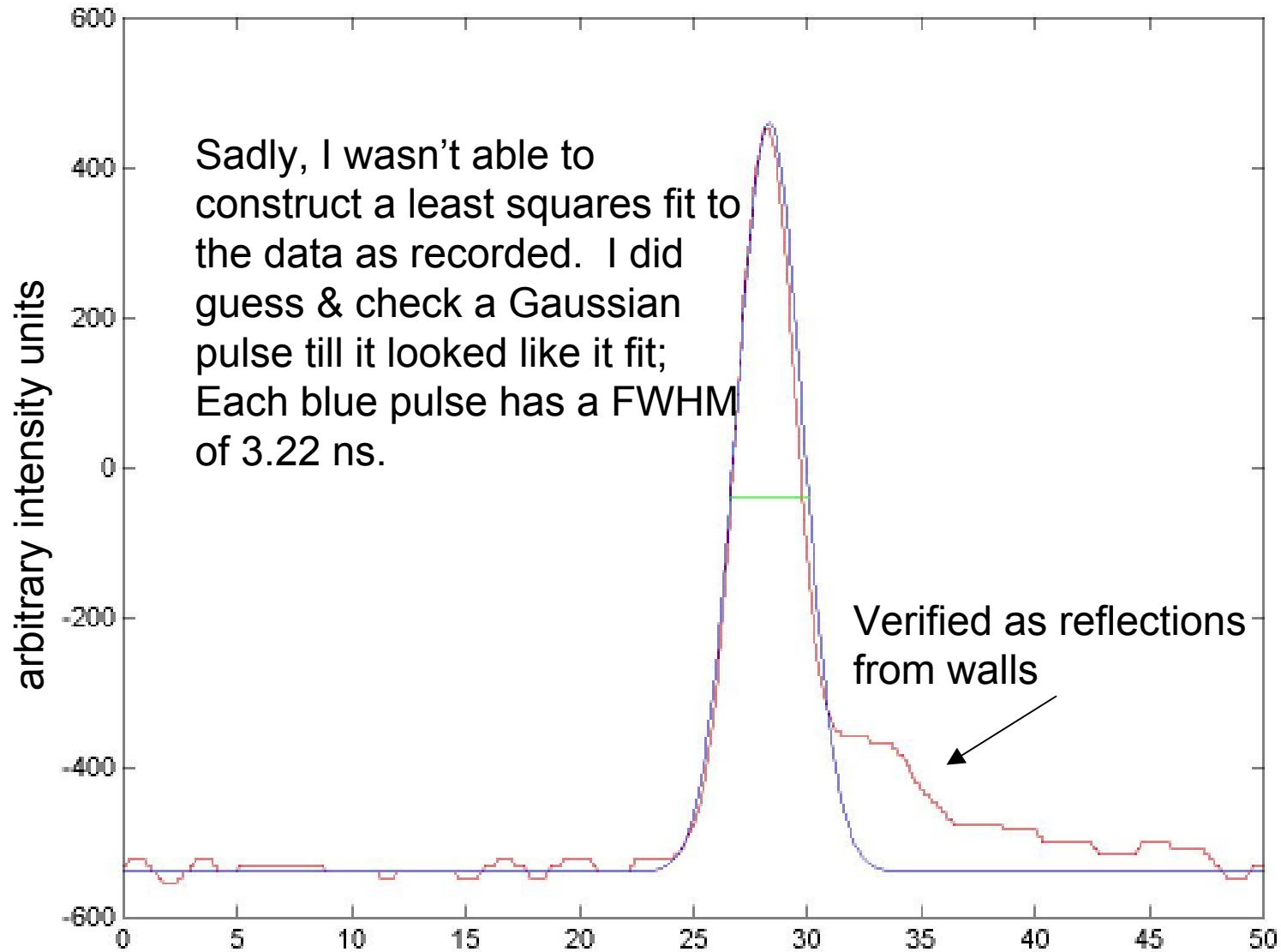
Final Threshold/Holdoff



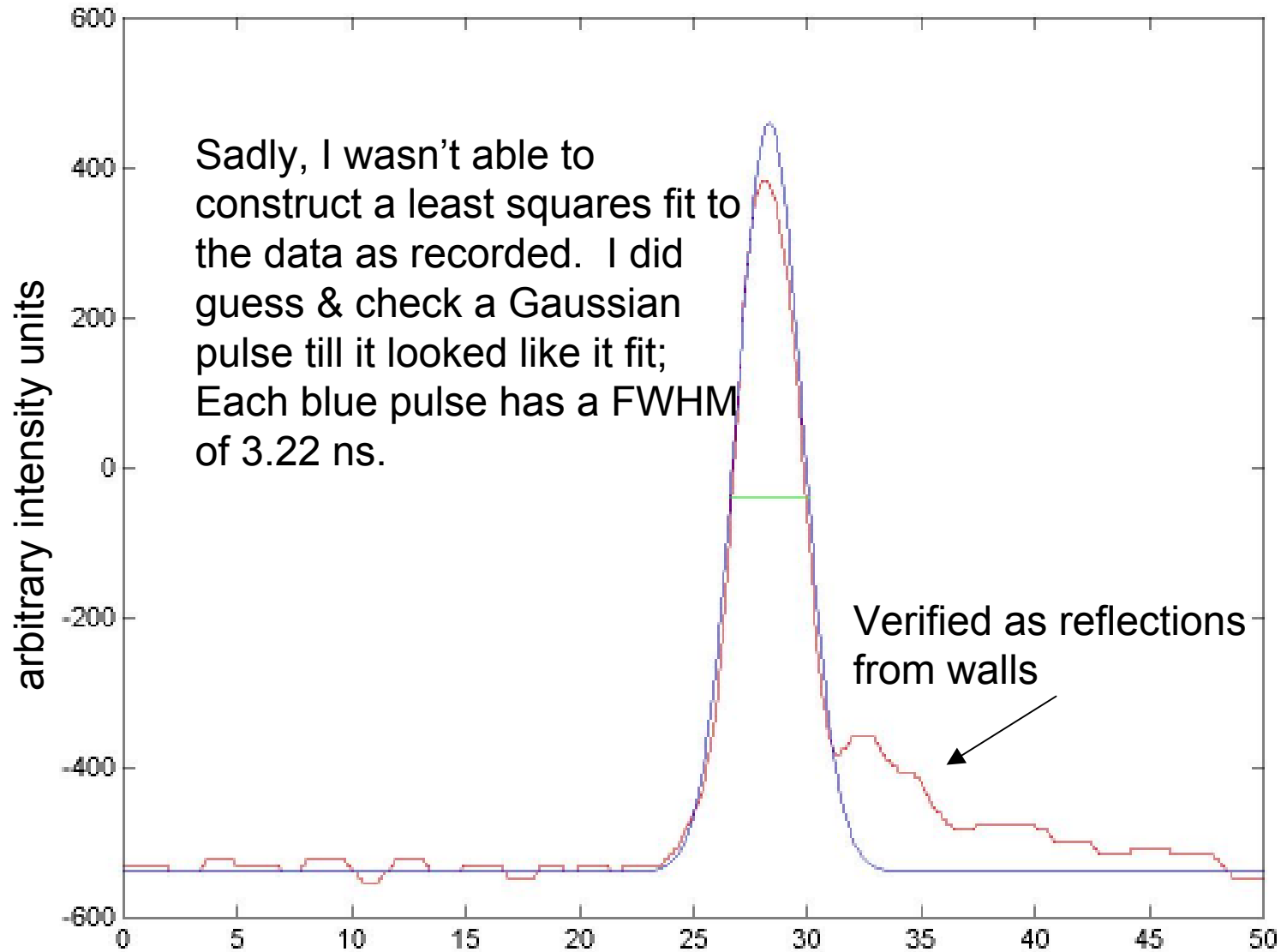
Final Threshold/Holdoff



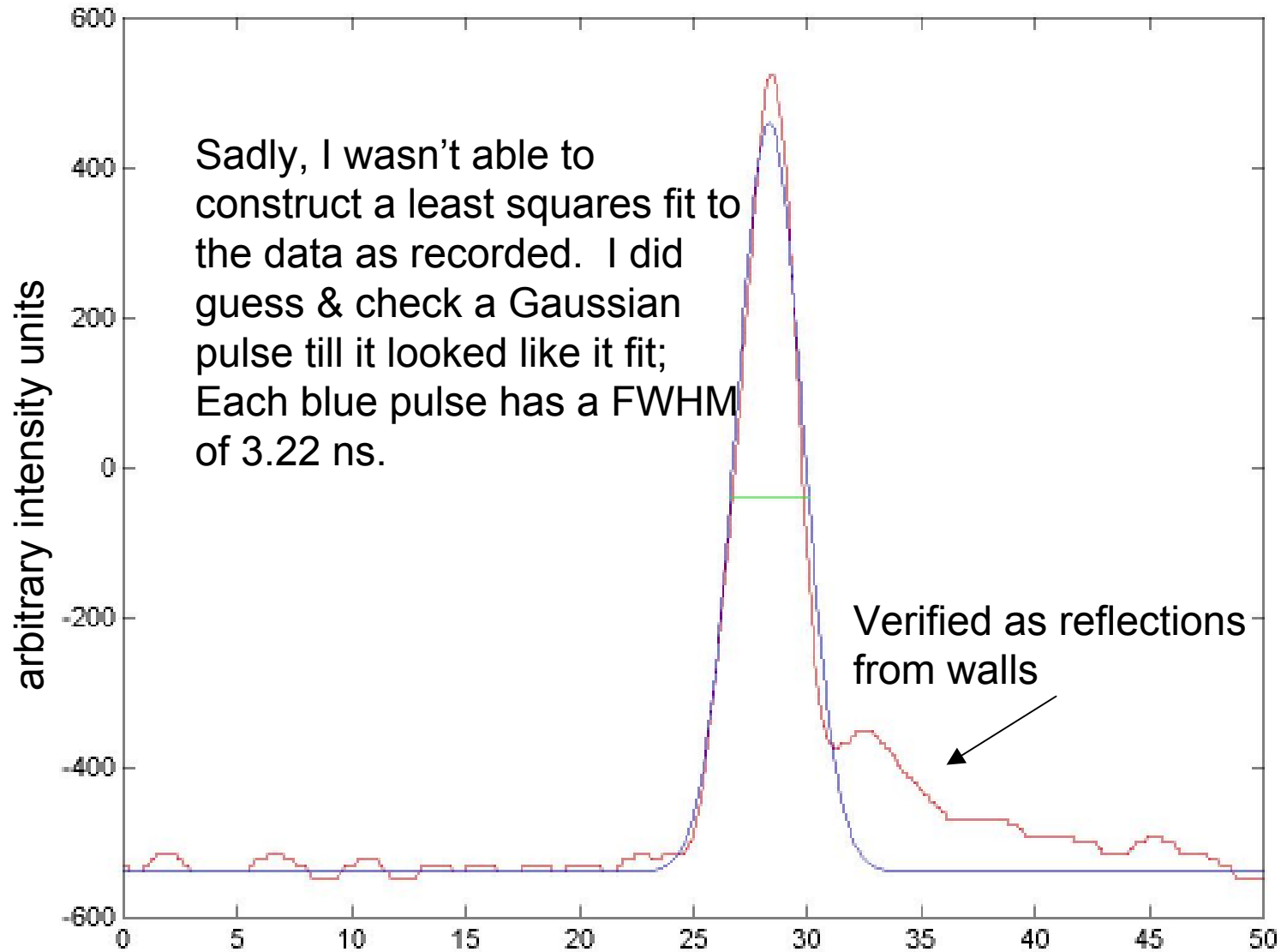
Final Threshold/Holdoff



Final Threshold/Holdoff



Final Threshold/Holdoff



References

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Introduction to Modern Optics, Grant R. Fowles, (Dover, 1989)

<http://www.olympusmicro.com/primer/techniques/polarized/polarizedintro.html>

<http://www.dctech.com/eureka/short-stories/poisson.php>